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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/892,749	06/28/2001	Ikuo Sasazaki	826.1732	3645	
21171 STAAS & HAI	7590 04/10/2007 LSEY LLP	EXAMINER			
SUITE 700	SUITE 700 PESIN, BORIS M	ORIS M			
1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2174		
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVER'	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		04/10/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

,	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/892,749	SASAZAKI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
·	Boris Pesin	2174			
- The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by standard patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	S DATE OF THIS COMMUNION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a remained will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	8 January 2007.				
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ 1	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 9-13</u> is/are pending in the	application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	•	·			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 9-13</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeyar	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor	rection is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ian priority under 35 II S.C. 8	: 110(a) (d) or (f)			
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	ight phonty under 35 0.5.C. §	3 119(a)-(u) or (i).			
1.☐ Certified copies of the priority docum	ents have been received				
2. Certified copies of the priority docum		oplication No.			
3.⊠ Copies of the certified copies of the					
application from the International Bu					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies not	received.			
Attachment(s)					
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> </ol>		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		nformal Patent Application			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🔲 Other:	<u>_</u> .			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

This communication is responsive the amendment filed 1/08/2007.

Claims 1-4 and 9-13 are pending in this application. Claims 1, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 are independent claims. In the amendment filed 1/08/2007, Claims 1, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 were amended. This action is made Final.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1, 2 and 9 – 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schoof, II (US 5440624) in view of Towell (US 6052680).

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In regards to claim 1, Schoof teaches an apparatus, comprising: a storage unit storing information about a discussion at an electronic conference, the information including respective utterance objects of respective speakers in the discussion ("transcription and digital storage of a complete record of the conference", Column 3, Line 17). Schoof does not specifically teach a judgment unit calculating one of a number of speakers in the discussion, a number of utterance objects in the discussion, a depth of a tree structure of the information stored about the discussion and a data amount of the information stored about the discussion as an index of an amount of the information stored about the discussion and said judgment unit deciding to hold a face-to-face conference if the index exceeds a specific value.

Towell teaches, "In the following, an exemplary system for determining whether to route an incoming e-mail to a rule-based system for responding to a product inquiry and/or a rule-based system for scheduling a meeting is described. Referring to FIG. 2, in this exemplary system, the message preprocessing process 260 is a text to word list translation process (see, e.g., the process 600 of FIG. 6), the relevance determination process 280 is a process for determining a cosine distance (see, e.g., steps 502, 504 and 506 of FIG. 5) between an m-dimensional vector based on a preprocessed message and an m-dimensional vector based on a word list which characterizes a decision system, the decision system 1 process 220a is a rule-based decision process for scheduling a meeting, the decision system N process 220b is a rule-based decision process for responding to a product information request, the input/output interface process(es) 230 includes a SCSI adapter, the decision parameter(s) storage area 270

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includes a predetermined threshold value between zero (0) and one (1), the firm data storage area 250 contains product information, and the user data storage area includes data regarding a salesperson's work schedule, times when he or she will be in the office, and a rank ordered list of others which will handle the salespersons e-mail in their absence." (Column 8, Lines 5-27). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Schoof with the teachings of Towell and include a rule based system to schedule a meeting when certain criteria is met with the motivation to provide the user with a simple method of scheduling a meeting when appropriate.

In regards to claim 2, Schoof and Towell teach all the limitations of claim 1.

Towell further teaches an apparatus further comprising a notification unit notifying participants of the electronic conference of a holding of the face-to-face conference if said judgment unit determines to hold the face-to-face conference. (Figures 11-13).

Claims 9-13 are similar in scope to claim 1; therefore they are rejected under similar rationale.

Claims 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schoof, II (US 5440624) and Towell (US 6052680) in view of Garback et al. (US 5237499).

In regards to claim 3, Schoof and Towell teach all the limitations of claim 2. They do not teach an apparatus further comprising a reservation unit making reservations for facilities needed to hold the face-to-face conference if said judgment unit determines to

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hold the face-to-face conference, said notification unit notifies expected participants of information about reserved facilities. Garback teaches a method wherein, "The CPU is programmed to select an individual group member itinerary for the specific venue which includes specific airline flights, and if necessary, specific hotel accommodations and specific rental car services." (Abstract, Line 14). Garback further teaches, "A response message, such as is illustrated in FIG. 4, is formatted in step 69 to be returned to the individual group member traveler." (Column 7, Line 15). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Schoof and Towell with teachings of Garback to include a method of reserving facilities needed to hold meetings with the motivation to provide a convenient process of organizing the facilities to host a meeting.

In regards to claim 4, Schoof, Towell, and Garback teach all the limitations of claim 3. Garback further teaches apparatus wherein said reservation unit makes reservations for transportation needed for the expected participants to participate at the face-to-face conference ("The CPU is programmed to select an individual group member itinerary for the specific venue which includes specific airline flights, and if necessary, specific hotel accommodations and specific rental car services." Abstract, Line 14); and said notification unit notifies the expected participants of information about reserved transportation. ("A response message, such as is illustrated in FIG. 4, is formatted in step 69 to be returned to the individual group member traveler." Column 7, Line 15).

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## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 1/18/2007 with respect to the art rejections have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The Applicant argues that Towell does not teach a judgment unit calculating <u>one</u> of:

- A. a number of speakers in the discussion,
- B. a number of utterance objects in the discussion,
- C. a depth of a tree structure of the information stored about the discussion and
- D. a data amount of the information stored about the discussion as an <u>index</u> of an amount of the information stored about the discussion,
- E. and said judgment unit deciding to hold a face-to-face conference if the <u>index</u> exceeds a specific value. The Examiner disagrees. First the Examiner points out, that in the independent claims as they are currently are written, if branches A, B or C are met, branch E is no longer valid, and the claim language no longer requires an index at all. Furthermore, Towell teaches calculating the number utterances objects in the discussion. In the Applicant's own arguments, Applicant notes that Towell teaches that the "cosine index indicates how many of the words in a word list on a specific subject ... are in a message." (Page 6). Even by Applicant's own admission, Towell teaches a number of utterance objects in the discussion. While this number may not be a total number, it is still a number of utterance objects.

#### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

#### Inquiry

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Boris Pesin whose telephone number is (571) 272-4070. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday except every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kristine Kincaid can be reached on (571) 272-4063. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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